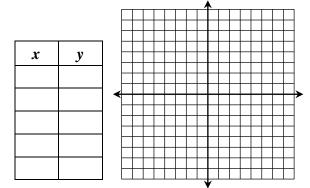
Name:		Unit 8: Quadratic Equations	
Date:	_ Bell:	Homework 3: Vertex Form of a Quadratic	

** This is a 2-page document! **

Graph each equation and give the axis of symmetry, vertex, domain, and range. Then, identify the transformations of the equation from the parent function.

1. $y = -x^2 - 3$



Axis of Symmetry:

Equation

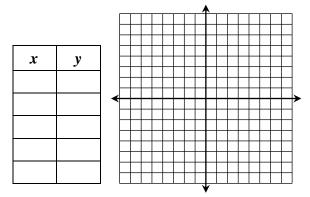
Vertex:

Domain:

Range:

Transformations:

2. $y = (x+5)^2$



Axis of Symmetry:

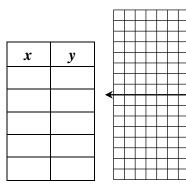
Vertex:

Domain:

Range:

Transformations:

3. $y = (x-2)^2 - 6$



Axis of Symmetry:

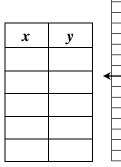
Vertex:

Domain:

Range:

Transformations:

4. $y = -(x+1)^2 - 4$



Axis of Symmetry:

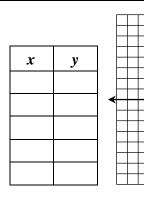
Vertex:

Domain:

Range:

Transformations:

5. $y = \frac{1}{3}(x-4)^2$



Axis of Symmetry:

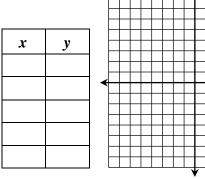
Vertex:

Domain:

Range:

Transformations:

6. $y = -2(x+3)^2 + 7$



Axis of Symmetry:

Vertex:

Domain:

Range:

Transformations:

Without graphing, describe the transformations from the parent function.

7.
$$y = (x-2)^2 - 1$$

8.
$$y = 4x^2 - 5$$

9.
$$y = -\frac{1}{2}(x+1)^2$$

Transformations from the parent function are given below. Write an equation to represent the function.

- **10.** reflected over the *x*-axis, then translated 6 units left
- 11. translated 1 unit right and 5 units down
- **12.** vertically stretched by a factor of 3, then translated 4 units up
- **13.** reflected over the x-axis, then vertically compressed by a factor of 1/4
- **14.** reflected over the *x*-axis, then translated 8 units left and 3 units up
- **15.** vertically stretched by a factor of 5/2, reflected over the x-axis, then translated 3 units down